Sequential Screening

Patient Name:	DOB:
The Sequential Screen is a two-step test.	
1st step: Ultrasound to measure fluid behind the baby's	s neck (Nuchal Translucency) and blood test between 10-14 weeks
Ultrasound image sometimes cannot be obtain	ined due to the fetus having to be in a very specific position.
We can try to reschedule a 2 nd attempt ultrase	ound at a later date but if the images again are unable to be
obtained, you can select an alternative screening	ng test or a referral to maternal fetal specialist for further evaluation.
2 nd step: blood test performed between 15-22 weeks	
final result of testing will be resulted after the	e 2 nd step is complete.
	romosomes such as Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) and Patau and spine called neural tube defects, and some defects of the
abnormal, we will refer you to the high-risk pregnancy fetus is at higher risk of having a disorder compared w	ring the first step or the final result after the second step is specialist (Perinatologist/Maternal Fetal Medicine) because your ith the general population. It does NOT mean that your fetus ailed ultrasound and offer you the option of diagnostic testing with will tell if your baby actually has the disorder.
A negative screening test result means that your fetus population. It does NOT completely rule out the possi	is at a lower risk of having a disorder compared with the general ibility that your fetus has a disorder.
	e result (shows there is a problem when there isn't one) or a false- re is one). It is important to remember that a screening test can ag any birth defects.
I do want the Sequential Screening testing	
I do <u>NOT</u> want the Sequential Screening testi	ing
Signature of Patient:	Date:
Signature of Provider:	Date: